## SENATE BILL No. 445

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-45-2-1.

**Synopsis:** Intimidation. Enhances intimidation to a Class D felony if the threat: (1) is communicated to a prosecuting attorney or an employee of a prosecuting attorney; (2) includes a threat that causes another person to part with any property; or (3) is communicated to a parent or sibling of a witness in a pending criminal proceeding. Enhances intimidation to a Class C felony if the threat is a threat to commit a forcible felony against certain individuals. Provides affirmative defenses.

Effective: July 1, 2009.

# **Delph**

January 14, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters.





#### First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# C

### SENATE BILL No. 445

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 35-45-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2006,
2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 1. (a) A person who communicates a threat to
4	another person, with the intent:
5	(1) that the other person engage in conduct against the other
6	person's will;
7	(2) that the other person be placed in fear of retaliation for a prior
8	lawful act; or
9	(3) of causing:
0	(A) a dwelling, a building, or another structure; or
1	(B) a vehicle;
2	to be evacuated;
3	commits intimidation, a Class A misdemeanor.
4	(b) However, the offense is a:
5	(1) Class D felony if:
6	(A) the threat is to commit a forcible felony;
7	(B) the person to whom the threat is communicated:



2009

IN 445—LS 7496/DI 107+

,

y

1	(i) is a law enforcement officer;	
2	(ii) is a judge or bailiff of any court;	
3	(iii) is a witness (or the spouse, or child, parent, or sibling	
4	of a witness) in any pending criminal proceeding against the	
5	person making the threat;	
6	(iv) is an employee of a school corporation;	
7	(v) is a community policing volunteer;	
8	(vi) is an employee of a court;	
9	(vii) is an employee of a probation department; or	
10	(viii) is an employee of a community corrections program;	
11	or	
12	(ix) is a prosecuting attorney or an employee of a	
13	prosecuting attorney;	
14	(C) the person has a prior unrelated conviction for an offense	
15	under this section concerning the same victim; or	
16	(D) the threat is communicated using property, including	
17	electronic equipment or systems, of a school corporation or	
18	other governmental entity; and or	
19	(E) the threat causes another person to part with any	
20	property; and	
21	(2) Class C felony if:	
22	(A) while committing it, the person draws or uses a deadly	
23	weapon; or	
24	(B) a threat to commit a forcible felony is communicated	
25	to a person described in subdivision (1)(B).	
26	(c) "Threat" means an expression, by words or action, of an	
27	intention to:	
28	(1) unlawfully injure the person threatened or another person, or	
29	damage property;	
30	(2) unlawfully subject a person to physical confinement or	
31	restraint;	
32	(3) commit a crime;	
33	(4) unlawfully withhold official action, or cause such withholding;	
34	(5) unlawfully withhold testimony or information with respect to	
35	another person's legal claim or defense, except for a reasonable	
36	claim for witness fees or expenses;	
37	(6) expose the person threatened to hatred, contempt, disgrace, or	
38	ridicule;	
39	(7) falsely harm the credit or business reputation of the person	
40	threatened; or	
41	(8) cause the evacuation of a dwelling, a building, another	
42	structure, or a vehicle.	



	(d) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under subsection (b)(1)(E) that the defendant caused another person to part with
	property as a result of a claim that there was a possibility that an
	accusation, exposure, a lawsuit, or other invocation of official
	action might occur, and the claim was lawfully asserted in an
	attempt to obtain:
	(1) restitution or indemnification for harm done under
	circumstances to which the accusation, exposure, lawsuit, or
	other official action relates; or
	(2) compensation for property that was lawfully obtained or for lawful purposes.
	ioi iawiui pui poses.
_	
_	

